SEEDS CONNECTIONS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016

McCallum and Company

Chartered Accountants

To the Members of SEEDS Connections:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of SEEDS Connections which comprise a balance sheet as at **December 31**, 2016 and the statements of revenues, expenses and surplus, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year ended **December 31**, 2016, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not for profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by The Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Consistent with many charitable organizations, the organization derives revenue from cash and in-kind donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of the revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization and we were unable to satisfy ourselves by alternative means concerning such donations for the year ended **December 31, 2016**. Since donations enter into the determination of the financial performance and cash flows, we were unable to determine whether adjustments might have been necessary in respect of the excess of revenues over expenses for the years reported in the statements of revenues, expenses and surplus, changes in net assets and cash flows.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of SEEDS Connections as at **December 31, 2016**, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended **December 31, 2016** in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for Not for Profit organizations.

May 1, 2017 Calgary, Alberta McCallum and Company Chartered Accountants

McCallin and Company

BALANCE SHEET

		December 31		
		<u>2016</u>		2015
ASSE	TS			
Current assets:				
Cash – savings	\$	35,835	\$	75,306
Cash – casino (note 4)		6,443		1,429
Program receivables		17,350		ROBBOARA CA Maga
Goods and services tax recoverable		5,605		3,236
Prepaid expenses		1,648		-
STATE OF THE STATE		66,881		79,971
Property and equipment (note 3)	<u></u>	1,071	-	1,339
	<u>\$</u>	67,952	\$	81,310
LIABILITIES AND MI	EMBERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities:	227		3200	
Cheques issued in excess of bank balance	\$	3,248	\$	2,718
Accounts payable		6,000		5,000
Deferred revenue (note 4)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	54,298	-	60,153
		63,546		67,871
MEMBERS'	EQUITY			
Net Assets		4,406	-	13,439
	\$	67,952	\$	81,310
See notes to financial statements				
Approved on Behalf of the Members:, Dir	ector			
, Dir	ector			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND NET ASSETS

	177	Year Ended December 31		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>		
Revenue:	0.5.050			
Contribution (note 6) Casino (note 4) Program revenues	\$ 235,872 64,788 72,910	\$ 393,980 86,513 37,000		
Interest and other	72,910 725 374,295	539 518,032		
€				
Expenses:				
Connections	274,334	411,640		
Administration (note 6) Aboriginal Assessment Program	64,136	71,960		
GREEN Schools Program	29,145 15,445	34,098		
Amortization	268 383,328	334 518,032		
Excess of expenses over revenues for the year	(9,033)	-		
Net assets at beginning of year	13,439	13,439		
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 4,406</u>	\$ 13,439		

See notes to financial statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Year Ended December 31		
	2016	2015		
Cash provided by (used for) operating: Excess expenses over revenues for the year Charge to income not affecting cash Amortization	\$ (9,033) $\frac{268}{(8,765)}$	\$ - 334 334		
Changes in operating accounts: Program receivables Goods and services tax recoverable Prepaid expenses Deferred revenue Accounts payable	(17,350) (2,369) (1,648) (5,855) 	4,545 1,458 (122,396) (23,693) (140,086)		
Decrease in cash for the year	(34,987)	(139,752)		
Cash, beginning of year	<u>74,017</u>	213,769		
Cash, end of year	\$ 39,030	\$ 74,017		
Cash consists of: Cash – operating Cash – savings Cash – casino	\$ (3,248) 35,835 6,443	\$ (2,718) 75,306 1,429		
	\$ 39,030	\$ 74,017		

See Notes to financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016

1. Incorporation, operations and going concerns

The Corporation is a registered charitable organization and was continued under the Canada Not-for-Profit Act on July 28, 2014.

The purpose of the Corporation is to provide educational programs related to leadership, environment, energy and diversity, for kindergarten to grade 12 students across Canada.

The continued operation of the organization is dependent on management raising significant funding revenues to maintain its ongoing program. A significant portion of its funding was derived from one source, which has now ended. There is therefore uncertainty with respect to obtaining replacement funding. These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a "going concern", which assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

a) Cash

Cash is defined as cash on hand and cash on deposit, net of cheques issued and outstanding at year end.

b) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided as follows:

Program Equipment - 20% diminishing balance basis
Office Equipment - 20% diminishing balance basis

c) Contributed Services

Volunteers contribute many hours each year to assist the association in carrying out its activities. Because of the difficult of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

d) Recognition of revenue

Funding receipts are recognized within the statement of revenues expenses and net assets when the applicable program expenditures have been incurred and proceeded with.

e) Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for notfor-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from and affect the results reported in these financial statements.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

f) Financial instruments

(i) Measurement of financial instruments

The Corporation initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value adjusted by, in the case of a financial instrument that will not be measured subsequently at fair value, the amount of transaction costs directly attributable to the instrument.

The Corporation subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in the statements of operations in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and amounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable. The Corporation currently has no financial assets measured at fair market value.

(ii) Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the Corporation assesses whether there are any indications that a financial asset measured at amortized cost may be impaired. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Corporation, including but not limited to the following events: significant financial difficulty of the issuer; a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or bankruptcy or other financial reorganization proceedings.

When there is an indication of impairment, the Corporation determines whether a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the financial asset.

When the Corporation identifies a significant adverse change in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from a financial asset, it reduces the carrying amount of the asset to the highest of the following:

- (i) the present value of the cash flows expected to be generated by holding the asset discounted using a current market rate of interest appropriate to the asset.
- (ii) the amount that could be realized by selling the asset at the statement of financial position date; and
- (iii) the amount of the Corporation expects to realize by exercising its rights to any collateral held to secure repayment of the asset net of all costs necessary to exercise those rights.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced directly or through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in the statements of operations.

When the extent of impairment of a previously written-down asset decreases and the decrease can be related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed to the extent of the improvement, directly or by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statements of operations in the period the reversal occurs.

(iv) Transaction costs

Transaction costs are recognized in the statements of operations in the period incurred, except for financial instruments that will be subsequently measured at amortized cost.

3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	Costs	2016 Accumulated Amortization	<u>Net</u>
Program Equipment Office Equipment	\$ 12,399 9,523	\$ 11,725 9,126	\$ 674 397
	\$ 21,922	\$ 20,851	\$ 1,071
	Costs	2015 Accumulated Amortization	<u>Net</u>
Program Equipment Office Equipment	\$ 12,399 9,523	\$ 11,557 9,026	\$ 842 497
	\$ 21,922	\$ 20,581	\$1,339

4. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue is represented by the following (See also Note 1)

	December 31		
	2016	3	2015
Casino funds deferred	\$ 6,443	\$	1,429
Funds received and deferred	 47,855	1	58,724
	\$ 54,298	\$	60,153

Casino funds are restricted in accordance with the Alberta Gaming and Liquor Commission application.

5. Financial Risks and Concentration of Risk

The Corporation is exposed to various risks associated with financial instruments that have the potential to affect its operations and financial performance:

(a) Market risk

The major programs operate on a school year basis. A major funder has completed its funding commitment, thus requiring the Corporation to obtain alternative funding sources. There is therefore no certainty that the programs will be continued.

(b) Interest rate risk

There is currently no material interest rate risks.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they become due. There is uncertainty as to future funding arrangements which has been expressed in Note 1 of these financial statements

The major change in the Corporation's risk exposure from the prior year is the necessity of obtaining further funding.

6. In Kind Contribution

The organization has received contributed rent in the amount of \$Nil (2015-\$Nil) which is included as contribution revenue and administration expenses.

7. Income Taxes

The organization is exempt from income taxes under paragraph 149(1)(1) of the income tax act, therefore no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements.